

Vegetable, Fruit & Flower

Kills over 100 listed insects

Use on roses, flowers, shrubs, fruits, vegetables, lawns and other outdoor areas

Eight Insect Control

Contact & residual spray

ACTIVE INGREDIENT

 Beetle

Bagwor

Fruitworm

Armyworm

Leafmin



- Gives residual control and repellency
- ✓ Kills troublesome outdoor insects which destroy lawns, roses, flowers, trees, and shrubs, vegetables, fruit, nuts
- ✓ Contains permethrin, a long lasting insecticide which provides contact and residual control for up to 4 weeks of many hard-tokill sucking and chewing insects as listed

Store and transport in an upright position. EPA Reg. No. 4-408 EPA Est. No. 4-NV-1 Buyers Guarantee Limited to Label Claims. Distributed by: Bonide Products, LLC 6301 Sutiff Road Oriskany, NY 13424

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READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FIRST. OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS AND FOLLOW DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Not for use on plants being grown for sale or for other commercial use, or for commercial seed production or for research purposes.

USE RESTRICTIONS

For Use as a Surface or Space Spray:

Except when applying to pets, do not allow adults, children, or pets to enter until sprays have dried. "Except when applying to pets, do not apply this product in such a way that will contact adults, children or pets, either directly or through drift. "Not for broadcast use to indoor residential surfaces. "Not for use in outdoor residential misting systems. "Application is prohibited directly into sewer drains, or to any area like a gutter where drainage to sewers, storm drains, water bodies, or aquatic habitat can occur. Do not allow the product to enter any drain during or after application. "Other than applications to building foundations, all outdoor applications to impervious surfaces, such as sidewalks, driveways, pations, porches and structural surfaces (such as windows, doors, and eaves) are limited to spot and crack-and-crevice applications only. "Do not water the treated area to the point of run-off. Do not make applications foundations rain."

USE INFORMATION

All outdoor applications must be limited to spot or crack-and-crevice treatments only, except for the following permitted uses:

(1) Treatment to soil or vegetation around structures; (2) Applications to lawns, turf, and other vegetation; (3) Applications to building foundations, up to a maximum height of 3 feet. Step #1: For dawns and vegetables, measure the area to be spraved. Calculate square feet by multiplying length by width. For all other applications, apply as a thorough cover spray. Step #2: Use a clean sprayer. Carefully measure and mix the amount of concentrate and water as directed.

Step #3: Spray as directed. Thorough coverage is important. Flush sprayer with clean water after each use. Make applications when insects first appear. Repeat applications as directed. See directions for complete insect list.

Use dilution rates as indicated. 1 fl. oz. = 6 tsp. or 2 Tbsp. 8 fl. oz. = ½ pt. or 1 cup					
	DIRECTIONS FOR APPLYING				
			IOME L	-	
	Pests:		How to us		
Fescue, Irish Moss.	rmuda, Brown Doğ Ticks, Jegrass, Chinch Bugs, chondra, Crickets, Cutworms, may be used a long as the amount of product				
		HOUS	EPLAN	TS-INDOORS	
To protect p	lants in residenti	al green	houses a	nd lathhouses, and for indoor landscaping:	
Plants:		Pests:		How to use:	
Ageratum, Ardisia, Aster, Baby's Breath, Begonia, Birdsnest Fen, Bieding Heart, Carnation, Chrysanthemum, Coleus, Crown of Thoms, Cockscom, Cyclamen, Dracaena, Dumbcane, English Ivy, Fuchsia, Sangar, Peperomia, Petunia, Panio Arton, Pigoy-Back, Plant, Poinsetta, Portulaca, Plant, Poinsetta, Portulaca, Scales, Spi Pothos, Prayer Plant, Purple Passion,		orms, ms, Fall worms, rms, se , ners, lers, ugs, Spider Spring	Mix 1fi az in 1 gal of water. Contect and residual: Use sufficient prove to obtain full overage of all foliage. If application is to be made indoors, remove intested plants from living areas prior to application. Use in an area not likely to be coupled by people or pelts (particularly fish). After spräving, plants can be returned to original location. Do not use more product than recommended, as this may cause some plant injury. Use with care on fems, palms and furchsia. As with all plants listed, especially carrations, chryanthermuns, and roses, three exists a wide variety of species and cultivars, and therefore, a wide variety of succeptibility to injury. To ascertain possible phytotoxicity, tread a law plants as described above, wait		

Plants:	Pests:	How to use:	
Schefflera, Snapdragon, Snake Plant, Statice, Velvet Plant, Verbena, Zinnia	Whiteflies Fungus Gnats	Repeat application control citrus blact and Adult Japane	eck for possible injury. ns may be necessary to kflies on non-bearing citrus, se beetles on roses. Do plications per season.
	TREES	& SHRUBS	
	Pests:		How to use:
Arizona Cypress, Azalea, Birch, Cherry, Non-bearing Citrus, Conifers, Elm, English Ivy, Euonymous, Weeping fig, Fir, Honeysucki, Llac, Mock-orange Oak, Palm, Philodendron, Pine, Poinsettia, Tulip Poplar, Rhododendron, Taxus Cherry, Honeysuckle Conifer	Cicadas (Lo thrips, Fall c Inchworms,	custs), Exposed ankerworms, Leafminers, .ocusts, Spider mites, Sypsy Moth, Tent apanese Beetles	Use 1 fl. oz. in 1 gal. of water. Apply as a thorough spray, wetting leaves and branches to the dripping point. Try to penetrate dense foliage. Spray in the late afternoon or evening, when the temperature, ranges from 50 to 75 F and when there is little
Elm	Elm leaf bee	tles, Elm Fall webworms	or no wind. Spray at the first sign of insects. Repeat as necessary:
Douglas and Grand Firs	Tussock mot	ths	use intervals of 4-8
Non-bearing Citrus	Citrus black	flies	days. Do not exceed 16 applications per season.
Oak	Oakworms		Application can be
Pine	Pine beetles Pine needler scales	, Pine moths, miners, Needle	made up to the day of collection.

On Tent caterpillars, application should be made when caterpillars are young and tents are first noticed. For best results, apply in the late afternoon or evening, when caterpillars have returned to their tents. Wet tents with spray on all sides. A few caterpillars may be seen escaping from the tent; however, they should die within several hours.

FIRE ANT CONTROL

Individual Mound and Plant Container Treatment Mix 2 fl. oz. in 3 gals. water and apply as a drench using a sprinkler can. Gently apply 1 gallon of the mixture over the surface of each mound. Thoroughly wet

appy i gallon of the imixture over the surface of each mound. Inforcuging wet mound and surrounding area of 3 x 4 ft (12 sq, ft.) For best results apply in cool weather 65°F-80°F, early or late in the day. Treat new mounds as they appear. Pressurized sprays may disturb ants and cause migration which will reduce product effectiveness. Use the same method as above for the control of Fire Ants that may nest in permanently placed containerized ornamental plants.

ROSES & FLOWERS			
	Pests:	How to use:	
Ageratum, Aster, Arcisia, Azelae, Baby's breath, Begonia, Birds-nest fem, Bleeding heart, Coleus, Common Ninebark and Snowberry, Crown of thoms, Cockscomk, Cydamen, Drazena, Dumbcane, English Wy, Exacum, Fuchsia, Gladolus, Grape Iy, Gold Bells, Hypoestes, Wy, Junijer, Lindsha, Margold, Mosk-Orange, Namyberry, Orchid, Palm, Pansy, Pea Shnub, Reperomia, Petunia, Philodendron, Piggy-back Plant, Poinsettia, Portulaca, Pothos, Prayer Plant, Purple Passion, Rabbits toot tem, Rhododendron, Rose, Schefflera, Snapdragon, Snake Plant, Statice Velvet Plant, Verbena, Zinnia	Exposed thrips, Fall cankerworms, Fall webworms, Fungus gnats, Inchworms, Japanese beetles, Leafminers, Leafnoliers, Locusts, Mealybugs, Scale crawlers, Spring cankerworms, Spider mites, Whiteflies,	Use 1 fl. oz. in 1 gal. of water. Apply as a thorough spray, wetting the plants to the dripping point. Try to the dripping point. Try to thi underside of leaves and penetrate dense foliage. Spray in the late afternoon or evening, when the temperature ranges from 50 F to 75 F and when there is little or no wind. Spray at the first sign of insects. Repeat as necessary: use intervals of 4-8 days. Do not exceed 16 applications per season. Application can be made up to the day of collection.	

FRUIT & NUT TREES

USE DIRECTIONS

Use 2 fl. oz. in 1 gal. of water. Apply when insects appear. Wet the plants to the dripping point. Try to hit underside of leaves and penetrate dense foliage.

	Pests:	How to use:
Almonds, Pecans	Navel orangeworms, Peach twig borers	Do not make more than 2 applications during hull split and 5 applications per season. Can be applied up to 7 days prior to harvest.
Apples	Green fruitworms, Aphids, Leafrollers (Oblique-banded, Redbanded), Plum curculio, Rosy apple aphids, Spotted tentform learniners, Tarnished plant bugs, White apple leafhoppers, Japanese Beetles	Repeat as required to maintain control. Do not make more than 3 applications. Do not apply after petal fall.
Peaches	Borers (Lesser peachtree, Peach twig), Green fruitworms, Plum curculio, Oriental fruit moths, Tarnished plant bugs	8 applications per season.
Pears (dormant through delayed dormant)	Pear psylla	Apply during the dormant through delayed dormant growth period only. Do not make more than 2 applications per season.
Pears (summer)	Codling Moths, Green fruitworms, Pear psylla, Aphids	Do not make more than 3 applications per season. Can be applied up to 14 days prior to harvest.

VEGETABLES			
For all of the following vegetables, apply 1 gallon of finished mix to 1,000 sq. ft.			
	Pests:	How to use:	
Asparagus (pre-harvest)	Asparagus beetles, Cutworms	Use 1 ½ fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply for uniform coverage as needed. Do not make more than 4 applications per crop. Can be applied up to 3 days prior to harvest.	
(post-harvest)	Larval stages of asparagus beetle; Tarnished plant bug; Lygus bugs and adult Japanese beetle	Treat ferns or bush growth after spear harvest when insects are present.	
Celery – see Leafy Vegetables			
Cole Crops: Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Cauliflower	Beet armyworms, Cabbage aphids and Loopers, Diamondback Moths, Imported cabbageworms	Use 1 fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply every 5 days or as needed. Can be applied up to 1 day prior to harvest. Do not make more than 8 applications on Cauliflower, Brussels Sprouts and Broccoli and 10 applications on Cabbage.	
Corn – see Sweet Corn			
Cucumber, Melons, Pumpkins, Squash	Flea beetle, Leafhopper	Use 2 fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply as needed, but not more than 8 applications per season. Can be applied up to day of harvest.	

	Pests:	How to use:
Cucurbis: Balsam pear (bitter melon), Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon), citron melon, cucumber, gherkin, edible gourds; melons indluding hybrids such as Cantaloupe, Gasaba, Crenshaw, Honeydew, Honey Balls, Mango melon, Muskmelon, Persian melon, Pumpkin, Summer & Winter Squash, Watermelon	Aphids, Cabbage looper, Cucumber beetle (adults), Cutworms, Leafhoppers, Leafminers, Melonworms, Pickleworm, Plant bugs, Squash bugs	Use 2 fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply as needed to ensure uniform coverage. Do not exceed 8 applications per season. Can be applied up to the day of harvest.
Eggplant	Colorado potato beetles, Vegetable leafminers	Use 3 fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply for uniform coverage as needed. Do not exceed 16 applications. Can be applied up to 3 days prior to harvest.
Horseradish (Foliar application	Imported crucifer weevils	Use 3 fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply as needed. Do not exceed 3 foliar applications. Can be applied up to 22 days prior to harvest.
Head Lettuce	Corn Earworms, Beet armyworms, Loopers (Alfalfa, Cabbage), Tobacco budworms	Use 2 fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply every 5-10 days as needed. Do not make more than 10 applications per season. Can be applied up to 1 day prior to harvest.

	Pests:	How to use:
Leafy Vegetables: Amaranth, Arrugula, Celery, Celluce, Chervit, Com salad, Chrysanithemum (edble-leaved and garland), cress (garden and upland), Dandelion, Dock, Endive, Fennel, Leituce (head and leaf), Okra, Parsley, Purslane (garden and winter), Rhubaro, Spinach, Swiss chard	Alfalfa looper, Aphids, Beet armyworm, Cabbage looper, Corn earworm, Cutworms, European com borer, Fall armyworm, Green cloverworm, Southern armyworm, Tobacco budworm, Vegetable leaf miner	Use 2 fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply every 5 to 10 days as needed. Do not exceed 10 applications per season. Can be applied up to 1 day prior to harvest.
Melons – see Cucurbits		
Potatoes	Beet armyworm, Colorado potato beetle, Potato leafhopper, Potato tuberworm, Cabbage looper, Cutworms, European corn borer, Potato psyllid, Tarnished plant bug	Use 1 ½ fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply as needed. Do not make more than 12 applications. Can be applied up to 7 days prior to harvest.
Peppers	Vegetable leafminers, Cabbage looper, Flea beetle, Corn earworm, Pepper weevil, European corn borer	Use 2 fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply as needed, but not more than 8 applications per season. Can be applied up to 3 days prior to harvest.
Strawberries, Raspberries, Blueberries	Strawberry weevils, Aphids, Spider mites, Lygus bugs, Flea beetles, Omnivorous leaftier, Spittlebugs, Japanese beetles, Field crickets, Red Spider, Leafroller, Weevils	Use 1 ½ fl. oz. in 1 gal. Allow 14 days between last application and harvest. Make no more than 8 foliar applications per growing season.

	Pests:	How to use:
Sweet Corn	Corn earworms, European	Use 1 ½ fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply every 5 days and when needed, but not more than 6 applications per season. Can be applied up to 1 day prior to harvest.
Tomatoes	Tomato pinworm, Tomato fruitworm, Horn worms, Granulate cutworms, Colorado	Use 1 ½ fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply as needed for uniform coverage. Do not exceed 8 applications per season. Can be applied up to day of harvest.

NUISANCE PESTS IN OUTDOOR AREAS

USE DIRECTIONS

Use 6 2/3 fl. oz. in 1 quart of water, treating 400 linear feet with a 6-inch spray band.

OUTSIDE SURFACES OF BUILDING

Use this product on Ants, Asian Ladybeetles, Clover Mites, Crickets, Earwigs, Locusts, Millipedes, Sowbugs (pillbugs), Stink Bugs to help prevent infestation of buildings, treat the building foundation to a height of 2 to 3 feet, where pests are active and may find entrance. Also, apply as a spot or crack-and-crevice spray to outside surfaces of building, including porches, screens, window frames, eaves, patios, garages, refuse dumps and other areas where these pests congregate or have been seen. Repeat treatment as needed to maintain effectiveness. Do not exceed 24 applications per year.

OTHER OUTDOOR AREAS

Use this product on Ants, Crickets, Earwigs, Fleas, Ticks (including ticks that may carry Lyme Disease) for treatment of localized infestations of these insects in areas where there are weeds or bushy non-crop areas, spray infested areas thoroughly. For ants, thoroughly wet hills and runways. Repeat application as reinfestations occur. Do not exceed 24 applications per year.

To reduce annoyance from: Cluster Flies, Flying Moths, Gnats, House Flies, Mosquitoes, Spray outside surfaces of screens, doors, window frames or wherever these insects may enter the room. Also treat surfaces around light fixtures on porches, in garages, around shrubbery, and other places where these insects alight or congregate. Repeat as necessary. Do not exceed 24 applications per year.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage and disposal. <u>Storage:</u> Store and transport in an upright position. Store in original container in

a cool, dry area away from heat or open flame.

Pesticide Disposal: If partly filled - Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

<u>Container Handling:</u> If empty - Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Place in trash or offer for recycling if available.

FIRST AID

If swallowed: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.

Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact the National Pesticide Information Center at 1-800-858-7378 for emergency medical treatment information

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION: Harmful if swallowed. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse.

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is extremely toxic to aquatic organisms, including fish and invertebrates. To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Rinsing application equipment over the treated area will help avoid run off to water bodies or drainage systems.

This pesticide is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds while bees are foraging the treatment area.

NOTICE: To the extent consistent with applicable law, buyer assumes all responsibility for safety and use not in accordance with directions.

For information on pesticide products (including health concerns, medical emergencies, or pesticide incidents), call the National Pesticide Information Center at 1-800-858-7378.